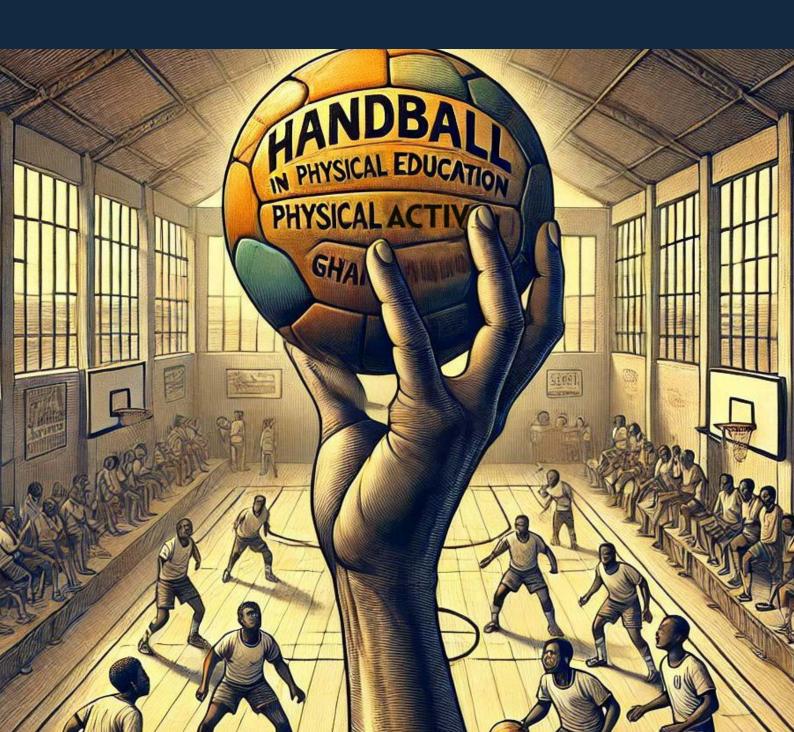
SECTION

9

HAND GAMES IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND HEALTH



PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND HEALTH

Organised Sports Participation

INTRODUCTION

In this section, we will cover dribbling and the lay-up in basketball, exploring the techniques, strategies and the mental aspects that elevate them from basic skills to powerful weapons in the game of basketball.

Whether you are a beginner seeking to understand the fundamentals or an experienced player looking to refine your game, this exploration of dribbling and the lay-up will equip you with the knowledge and tools to enhance your performance and appreciation of the game. Join us as we dribble and lay-up our way through the evolution of these essential skill, uncovering the secrets that can lead to success on the court.

At the end of this section, you will be able to

- Identify the types of basic skills in basketball and apply them in the game of basketball (dribbling in basketball)
- Identify the types of basic skills in basketball and apply them in the game of basketball (lay up in basketball)

Key Ideas

- **Dribbling** in basketball is the skill of bouncing the ball on the floor while moving around the court.
- **Types of dribbling:** Players can use different types of dribbles, such speed dribble, crossover dribble, between-the-legs, dribble, retreat dribble, low dribble and protective dribble.
- **Importance of dribbling:** Effective dribbling can create space, facilitate passing and lead to scoring opportunities it's essential for guards and players who handle the ball frequently.
- **Lay-up:** The lay-up in basketball is a fundamental shot made close to the basket, typically executed while moving towards the hoop. The player approaches the basket, takes a few steps, and uses one hand to lay the ball gently off the backboard or directly into the hoop.
- **How to perform the lay-up**: Executing the lay-up in basketball involves combination of footwork, timing and shooting technique.

Click on the link below to watch introduction to basketball. https://youtu.be/wYjp2zoqQrs?t=179

DRIBBLING IN BASKETBALL

Basketball

Basketball is a team sport where two teams, consisting of five players each, compete to score points by shooting a ball through a raised hoop or basket located at each end of a rectangular court. The game is played with specific rules and features fast-paced action, requiring a combination of athletic skills, strategy and teamwork.

In basketball, the main objective is to score more points than the opposing team. Players can score by shooting the ball into the opponent's basket from different positions on the court with varying point values for each shot. A field goal (a regular basket) typically scores two points, while shots taken from beyond a designated line (the three-point line) earn three points. Free throws awarded for certain fouls are worth one point each.

Basketball is played professionally in leagues around the world, with the National Basketball Association (NBA) in the United States being one of the most prominent. It is also a popular sport at the collegiate and amateur levels, as well as in international competitions such as the Olympic Games and the FIBA World Cup.

The sport requires players to have a mix of skills, including shooting, dribbling, passing, rebounding and defence. It also emphasises teamwork, communication and strategy, as teams develop plays and formations to outwit their opponents. A standard match consists of four quarters of 12 minutes and the team that scores the most points wins.

Dribbling

Click on the link below to watch dribbling in basketball https://youtu.be/BnvGa0I8bMc?t=32



Dribbling is the heartbeat of basketball, it's a skill that not only showcases individual talent but also enables a player to navigate the dynamic landscape of the game. Dribbling involves the controlled bouncing of the ball, allowing players to move fluidly across the court while maintaining possession, evading defenders and creating scoring opportunities. This fundamental technique is not merely a means of transportation; it is an art form that combines agility, coordination, and strategic thinking.



Fig. 9.1: Exhibiting the Dribbling Skill

Basic Dribbling Skills/Steps

i. Bouncing: Bouncing is the fundamental skill of controlling the ball with one hand while moving. The hand is used to repeatedly tap or push the ball onto the floor, keeping it in motion while navigating the court or moving.

How to bounce:

- Maintain a relaxed grip on the ball.
- Spread out fingers for better control.
- Use a combination of wrist and finger movements to guide the bouncing of the ball.
- Bend the elbows up and down to support the relaxed wrist and the fingers, ensuring coordination from the shoulder to the fingers.
- The ball should make contact with the floor at an angle that allows it to return to the hand smoothly, enabling the player to maintain possession and advance towards the basket or pass to teammates.

Effective bouncing requires coordination, timing and awareness of the surrounding of players in a game situation. Mastering this skill is essential for ball control, creating scoring opportunities and executing offensive strategies in basketball.

i. Pacing: Pacing refers to movement with the ball and the ability to control the speed and tempo of the dribbling. Pacing is done by bouncing and adding walking or running. Knowing how to pace helps to dribble quickly to advance the ball or create scoring opportunities. It also helps to determine when to slow down to maintain possession, charge on the defence or execute a shot.

- **ii. Ball control:** Ball control in basketball refers to a player's ability to handle and manipulate the ball effectively using their hands or body. It involves maintaining possession of the ball while pacing and bouncing, shooting, passing or receiving passes. Good ball control enables players to protect the ball from opponents, execute moves and manoeuvres with precision, and make accurate passes and shots.
- **iii.** Eyes up: This refers to learning to keep your eyes up and away from the ball while dribbling to scan the court and be aware of teammates and opponents.



Fig. 9.2: Basic Dribbling Skills

Types of Dribbling

i. **Speed dribble:** Dribbling at a fast pace while maintaining control of the ball. Click on the links below to watch speed dribbling.



https://youtu.be/hc2MpdDXdtY?t=104



Fig. 9.3: Speed dribble

ii. Crossover dribble: Changing the ball from one hand to the other while dribbling to change direction and avoid defenders.

Click on the link below to watch cross dribbling.



https://youtu.be/BSxa28H3uz0?list=PLmPIogZWH3R4-zzK6k3ZpL-Sz-IL m9yV&t=54

iii. Between-the-legs dribble: Dribbling the ball between the legs to change direction or create space from defenders.

Click on the link below to watch on between-the-legs dribble



https://youtu.be/KIBJzEn QG8?t=54



Fig. 9.4: *Between-the-legs dribble*

iv. Retreat dribble: Dribbling backwards to create space from a defender or reset the offence.

Click on the link below to watch on retreat dribble



https://youtu.be/LY31S_8yyOA?list=PLmPIogZWH3R4-zzK6k3ZpL-Sz-IL_m9yV&t=18

v. Low dribble: Keeping the dribble close to the ground to make it harder for defenders to steal the ball.

Click on the link below to watch on low dribble



https://youtu.be/UnRklE9VON4?t=45

vi. Protective dribble: Using the body and off-arm to shield the ball from defenders while dribbling, such as keeping the non-dribbling arm extended.



Fig. 9.5: Protective Dribbling Skills

The Importance of Dribbling in Basketball

- *i. Ball control*: Dribbling allows players to maintain control of the ball while moving around the court, enabling them to navigate through defenders and avoid turnovers.
- *ii.* Creation of chances: Dribbling enables players to create scoring opportunities. It opens space for teammates and creates shooting opportunities. It's a fundamental skill for initiating offensive plays and breaking down defensive formations.
- *iii.* Versatility: Players who are proficient at dribbling with both their left and right hands are more creative on the court as they can attack from different angles and directions, making it harder to tackle them.
- *iv. Transition offence*: Dribbling is essential for fast break situations, allowing players to quickly advance the ball and capitalise on scoring opportunities.
- v. Reduction of pressure: When faced with defensive pressure, dribbling provides a means for players to relieve pressure, create separation from defenders and attack.
- vi. Easy ball movement: Dribbling is often used in combination with passing to

facilitate ball movement and player motion while on the attack, leading to better spacing and scoring opportunities.

- vii. Individual creativity: Dribbling allows players to showcase their creativity and style on the court, as they can incorporate various dribble moves and fakes to deceive opponents and create scoring chances.
- *viii.Fundamental skill development*: Mastering dribbling lays the foundation for developing other essential basketball skills such as shooting, passing and finishing at the rim.

Activity 9.1	Act	ivit	y 9	.1
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With a partner, discuss the importance of dribbling in basketball. Note three reasons why dribbling is important below:			
Activity 9.2			
Stationary Dribbling			
 Stand at one spot and practice dribbling the ball against the floor. 			
 Focus on using one hand and varying the speed of the dribble, keeping the ball in a controlled manner. 			
Switch hands and repeat.			
Try alternate between both hands.			
Keep your eyes up and try not look at the ball to improve coordination.			
How difficult or easy was this exercise for you?			
Write two things you can do to improve on your skill of stationary dribbling.			

Activity 9.3

Dribble Lanes

- In a group, set up five cones each five feet apart.
- Dribble the ball back and forth between the cones.
- Try changing hands between each cone.
- Try varying your speed, can you jog or run with the ball?
- Is the ball always under control?

Top tip: If you are having trouble controlling the ball or find yourself needing to look at the ball, slow down, focus on perfecting your skills with your dominant hand first. Once this is mastered you can move on to switching hands and varying your speed etc.

Activity 9.4

Change of direction and control

The following are some moves you can try to help you change direction or gain further control when dribbling a basketball. In your group, try the following, remember to ask your teacher to demonstrate if you are unsure of what to do:

- a. Standing still, can you dribble the ball between your legs? Give it a try, don't worry if you can't do this first time, it's not easy! Once you can do this standing still, try and add in some movement.
- b. Try changing direction by crossing the ball in front of your body. Try going around a cone or one of your group members.
- c. Let's try and vary the hight of the bounce of the ball when dribbling. Can you dribble close to the ground? Can you bounce the ball higher?

How difficult or easy was this exercise for you?			

Activity 9.5

Now that you have practiced dribbling in basketball, take time to reflect on the advantages dribbling provides for players in basketball. Use the space below to note five advantages a player can gain by mastering their dribbling skills.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5

Remember to cool down following Activities 9.2-9.5.

Now we have mastered dribbling, let's take a look at another fundamental skill in basketball, the lay-up.

Click on the link below to watch lay-up in basketball.



https://youtu.be/3noGvqHdoRE?t=109

LAY-UP IN BASKETBALL

The lay-up in basketball is a shot where a player drives towards the basket and attempts to score by gently laying the ball into the hoop with the aid of the backboard. It is one of the most basic and commonly used shots in the game. It is executed close to the basket, often when a player has a clear path to the hoop or when they manage to skilfully navigate around defenders. The lay-up is considered a high rate shot when executed properly, since it minimises the distance between the shooter and the basket, increasing the likelihood of scoring. The motion and the one-handed reach towards the basket distinguish it from a jump shot.



Fig. 9.6: Demonstration of a Lay-up

How to Perform the Lay-up

Executing the lay-up in basketball involves combination of footwork, timing and shooting technique. Below is a step-by-step guide on how to perform a basic lay-up:

- i. Start with the ball: Begin by holding the basketball with both hands at chest level. Keep eyes on the basket.
- **ii. Approach the basket:** Position yourself to face the basket and take one or two steps towards it.

iii. Choose your footwork:

- For a right-handed lay-up, approach the basket and plant the left foot. Take off with the right foot (leading leg, in front) while lifting the ball with the right hand.
- For a left-handed lay-up, approach and plant the right foot. Take off with left foot (leading leg, in front) while lifting the ball with the left hand.
- **iv. Lift and extend:** As a step is taken towards the basket, begin to lift the ball with the shooting hand while extending the non-shooting arm outward for balance and to protect the ball from defenders.

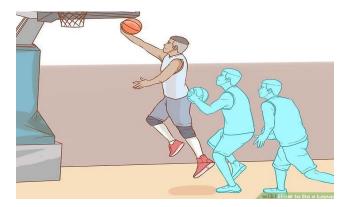


Fig. 9.7: Approach, Footwork and Lift and Extend (For a right-hand shot)

v. Guide the ball with one hand: Lift the ball with the shooting hand, using the non-shooting hand for balance or to shield the ball from defenders.



Fig. 9.8: Guiding/Guarding the Ball, Using Non-Shooting Arm for Balance and Defence

- **vi. Shoot the lay-up:** Once the basket is reached, use a soft touch to guide the ball towards the backboard or directly into the basket. The ideal target on the backboard is the square above the hoop's rim.
- **vii.Follow through:** After releasing the ball, maintain balance and be prepared to recover quickly for any next action.



Fig. 9.9: Shooting and the Follow-through

viii.Land safely: Have a double landing by ensuring your two feet touch the ground almost at the same time. As you come down, ensure a safe landing with your knees slightly bent to absorb the impact.

Note: *Practise the effective use of the backboard to improve accuracy.*

The Importance of the Lay-up in Basketball

- **i. High-scoring efficiency:** Lay-ups have a high probability of success due to their proximity to the basket, making them one of the most efficient scoring methods.
- **ii. Key to fast breaks:** Lay-ups are primary way to score quickly by creating fast breaks.
- **iii. Versatility:** Lay-ups help players to quickly adjust to various situations, whether to drive through defence traffic, tearing away from a defender or finishing a fast break.
- iv. **Provides a foundation for complex skills:** Lay-ups are foundational to basketball. They provide the building blocks for learning more advanced offensive techniques.
- v. **Develops coordination and balance:** Learning to execute lay-ups helps to develop good footwork, body control and coordination, leading to overall skill development.
- vi. Draws fouls: Lay-ups often occur in close quarters with defenders, creating opportunities to draw fouls and earn free throws.
- **vii. Opens up the defence:** An effective lay-up forces the defence to collapse, creating more opportunities for outside shooters and cutters.
- **viii. Confidence booster:** Successful lay-ups build player's confidence, especially during fast breaks or clutch situations.

ix. Rapid transition: Lay-ups are integral when moving quickly from defence to offence, allowing teams to quickly convert defence into attack to score easy points.

Activity 9.6

Variation 1: Wall Lay-ups with one step

- Find a wall and mark a spot about 8-10 feet away from the wall.
- Stand at the marked spot and dribble towards the wall.
- Jump off from one foot to simulate the lay-up.
- Aim to touch the wall with the ball while simulating the lay-up motion.

Focus: Work on foot placement and jumping technique.

Variation 2: Wall lay-ups with two steps

Click on the link below to watch the two step lay-up in basketball.



https://youtu.be/Tm7N2HU4noQ?t=61

• Repeat the above variation, but this time use the two steps rhythm (right-left for right-handed and left-right for left-handed)

Activity 9.7

With a friend on in a group.

- Set up seven cones with a distance of 2 meters apart leading to the basket.
- Try to navigate through the cones while dribbling.
- Then execute the lay-up. Focus on releasing the ball to hit the square on the backboard. (Top tip: If you are using a wall, create the square on top of the rim using chalk or a marker).

Focus: Agility and lay-up proficiency.

Activity 9.8

Partner Lay-up drills.

- Pair up and stand about 10 feet from the basket.
- Let your partner pass the ball to you, then dribble in for the lay-up.
- After shooting, switch roles.
- Provide feedback on each other's performance.

Feedback on Performance

What areas can I focus on to improve my lay-up technique?

Activity 9.9

Your teacher is going to set up a mini-game that focuses on both dribbling and the lay-up. Listen closely to the rules of the game. Good luck!

Remember to cool down following Activities 9.6-9.9.

Review Questions

- 1. How does a player's ability to dribble effectively impact their overall performance on the court?
- 2. What are the key components of proper dribbling technique that players should focus on improving?
- **3.** How can a player use dribbling skills to create scoring opportunities for themselves and their teammates?

4.

Analyse the following scenario in dribbling in basketball and provide your answers to the following questions.

- a. You are being tightly defended by an opponent while dribbling the ball near the half-court line. How do you protect the ball and maintain control in this situation?
- b. During a fast break, you have a defender sprinting back to intercept your dribble. How would you use your dribbling skills to navigate past the defender and finish at the rim?
- c. Your coach has called a play that requires you to dribble through a series of screens to get open for a jump shot. How would you use your dribbling skills to execute the play successfully?
- 5. In a one-on-one situation, you are matched up against a defender known for their aggressive ball-stealing ability. How would you use your dribbling skills to protect the ball and create scoring opportunities against this opponent?
- **6.** How does the lay-up in basketball contribute to a team's success in a game?
- 7. In what situation in the game of basketball is should a lay-up be used?
- **8.** Arrange the following in order when performing a lay-up. (Follow through, Ball position, Take-off, Land safely, Foot work, Approach the basket, Release the ball, Focus on the target).
- **9.** Analyse the following scenarios in basketball related to the lay-up and provide your answers to the following questions:
 - a. During a fast break, you receive a pass near the basket. The defender is closing in from the side. What type of lay-up should you attempt, and why?
 - b. You're driving to the basket for a lay-up when a defender makes contact with you mid-air. What should you focus on during the shot?
 - c. c. You're on defence, and your opponent is about to attempt a lay-up. What are some strategies you can use to prevent them from scoring?
- **10.**In a practice session, your coach asks you to work on different types of lay-ups. What are three variations you could focus on, and when might you use each?

Answers to Review Questions

- **1.** 1. A player's ability to dribble effectively significantly impacts their overall performance on the court in several ways. These include:
 - Ball Control: Good dribbling skills enhance a player's control over the ball, allowing them to navigate through defences more easily.
 - Creating Space: Effective dribbling helps players create space for themselves, making it easier to take shots or drive to the basket.
 - Reading the Defence: Skilled dribblers can read defensive movements and react accordingly, enabling them to make better decisions with the ball.
 - Facilitating Plays: Strong dribbling allows players to initiate and facilitate offensive plays, setting up scoring opportunities for themselves and teammates.
- **2.** Players should focus on several key components to improve their dribbling techniques. These include:
 - Hand Position: Keeping fingers spread and using the pads of the fingers for better control.
 - Body Positioning: Maintaining a low centre of gravity to enhance balance and agility.
 - Eyes Up: Dribbling while keeping the head up to survey the court and anticipate defensive movements.
 - Ball Handling: Practicing dribbling with both hands to become versatile and unpredictable.
 - Footwork: Incorporating proper footwork to help change directions quickly and effectively.
- **3.** Players can use their dribbling skills to create scoring opportunities in the following ways:
 - Isolation Plays: Dribbling can help a player create isolation situations where they can take on a defender one-on-one.
 - Penetration: By driving to the basket through defenders, players can either score themselves or draw defenders in, leading to open shots for teammates.
 - Pick and Roll: Effective dribbling is essential in executing pick-and-roll plays, allowing players to navigate around screens and create mismatches.
 - Changing Pace: Varying speed while dribbling can confuse defenders, leading to open shooting opportunities or lanes to drive.

4.

a. When you're being tightly defended while dribbling near the half-court line, here are some strategies to protect the ball and maintain control:

- Use your body: Position your body between the defender and the ball. Keep a low centre of gravity and use your hips and shoulders to shield the ball.
- Keep the ball low: Dribble the ball lower to the ground to make it harder for the defender to reach. Use your dominant hand to control the ball but keep your non-dominant hand ready to protect it.
- Change directions Use quick crossovers or hesitation moves to keep the defender guessing. Sudden changes in direction can create space and help you maintain control.
- Utilise your off-hand: Use your non-dominant hand to fend off the defender. This can help create separation and protect the ball.
- Look for space: Keep your head up and look for openings. If you see a teammate or an opportunity to pass or drive, be ready to make that decision quickly.
- Maintain composure: Stay calm and don't rush your movements.
 Controlled dribbling and smart decision-making are key to maintaining possession.
- Use screens: If possible, use a screen set by a teammate to create separation from the defender.

b. Navigating Past a Defender on a Fast Break:

- Change of pace: As the defender approaches, slow down slightly to bait them into committing. Once they do, accelerate past them.
- Crossovers: Use quick crossovers to shift the ball from one hand to the other, making it harder for the defender to predict your direction.
- Body positioning: Keep your body between the ball and the defender. Use your off-hand to shield the ball as you drive toward the rim.
- Finish options: Depending on the defender's positioning, be ready to finish with a lay-up, floater, or a dunk if you have the space and time.

c. Executing a Play Through Screens

- Reading the defence: As you approach the screen, assess the defender's positioning. Decide whether to use the screen or reject it to create space.
- Tight handles: Keep the ball close to your body to maintain control while navigating through the screens.
- Use of hesitation: Use a hesitation dribble as you come off the screen to throw off the defender and create space for your shot.
- Quick decision making: Be ready to make a quick pass if you're double-teamed or if an opportunity to shoot arises as you come off the screen.

5.

Protecting the ball in a one-on-one situation

- Low dribble: Keep the ball low and close to your body to minimise the chances of the defender stealing it.
- Using your body: Use your body to shield the ball by positioning yourself between the defender and the ball.
- Change of direction: Implement quick changes in direction using crossovers or behind-the-back dribbles to create space.
- Pump fake: Use a pump fake to get the defender off balance, then either drive past them or take the shot if they bite on the fake.
- Stay calm: Keep your composure and be patient. Look for opportunities to create space rather than forcing a play.
- **6.** The lay-up in basketball is a fundamental scoring technique that can significantly contribute to a team's success in several ways:
 - **High percentage shot**: Lay-ups are generally easier and more accurate than long-range shots, leading to a higher shooting percentage. This efficiency can help a team maintain or increase their scoring output.
 - **Fast break opportunities**: Executing lay-ups often occurs during fast breaks, allowing teams to score quickly before the defence is set. This can put pressure on the opposing team and create momentum.
 - **Drawing fouls**: Lay-ups can draw fouls from defenders, resulting in free throw opportunities. This not only adds potential points but can also lead to key players on the opposing team getting into foul trouble.
 - **Team chemistry and movement**: Successful lay-ups often require good teamwork and communication. Players need to set screens, make quick passes, and read defensive movements, which fosters better overall team chemistry.
 - **Psychological impact**: Scoring consistently through lay-ups can boost a team's confidence and morale. It can also demoralise the opposing team, especially if they struggle to defend against drives to the basket.
 - **Creating defensive adjustments**: When a team consistently scores lay-ups, the opposing defence may need to adjust by collapsing into the paint, which can open up outside shooting opportunities for teammates.
- **7.** The lay-up is a fundamental shot in basketball, typically used in the following situations:
 - **Close range**: When a player is near the basket and has a clear path to shoot, a lay-up is often the most efficient choice.
 - **Fast break:** During a fast break, when the offense has numbers advantage and can quickly move towards the basket, a lay-up can capitalise on the defence being out of position.

- **Avoiding defence**: If a defender is approaching, a lay-up allows a player to use the backboard or alter the shot to avoid a block.
- **Driving to the basket**: When driving towards the basket, a lay-up is effective for scoring while drawing a foul, as players can often finish through contact.
- Low shot clock: In situations where time is running out, a quick lay-up can be a smart way to get a high-percentage shot off.
- **8.** Performing a basketball lay-up involves several key steps arranged in a logical progression. Here's a breakdown:
 - i. **Approach the Basket**: Start by dribbling toward the basket. Use a controlled pace to maintain balance and prepare for the shot.
 - ii. **Footwork:** As you get closer, take a few quick steps. For a right-handed layup, plant your left foot first, followed by your right foot. For a left-handed lay-up, start with your right foot.
 - iii. **Take-off:** Push off with the foot that is planted (left for right-handed, right for left-handed) to jump towards the basket. This helps generate the necessary lift.
 - iv. **Ball Position**: Bring the ball up with both hands as you jump. Position it near your dominant side (right side for right-handed, left side for left-handed) for easier control.
 - v. **Focus on the Target**: Aim for the top corner of the square on the backboard. This will help guide the ball into the hoop.
 - vi. **Release the Ball:** As you reach the peak of your jump, extend your shooting arm and release the ball gently off the backboard or directly into the hoop.
 - vii. **Follow Through:** After releasing the ball, follow through with your shooting hand to ensure proper form and control.
 - viiii.**Land Safely**: As you come down, prepare to land on both feet to maintain balance and readiness for the next play.

9.

- a. You should attempt a reverse lay-up. This technique allows you to shield the ball from the defender by using the backboard effectively. By positioning your body between the ball and the defender, you increase your chances of scoring while minimising the risk of a block.
- b. You should focus on maintaining balance and control. Try to finish the layup despite the contact, using your body to absorb the impact. If you can, aim for the backboard to increase the chances of the ball going in. Additionally, be prepared for a potential foul and follow through with your shot.
- c. To defend against a lay-up, you should:
 - Position yourself: Get between the offensive player and the basket.
 - Time your jump: Jump to contest the shot without fouling.

- Use your body: If possible, use your body to create contact without being overly aggressive.
- Stay low: Keep a low centre of gravity to react quickly, and be prepared to adjust based on the offensive player's movements.

10. You could focus on:

- a. Standard lay-up: Use this when you have a clear path to the basket with no defenders in position to contest the shot.
- b. Floater: Utilise this when a taller defender is present; it allows you to shoot over them while minimising the risk of getting blocked.
- c. Euro step lay-up: This is effective when trying to evade a defender; you take a step in one direction and then quickly step in the other to create space for the shot.

Extended Reading

- 1. Here are some helpful links with information on dribbling in basketball:
 - a. Basketball Dribbling and Dribble Moves (with Video), Coach's Clipboard](https://www.coachesclipboard.net/Dribbling.html)
 - b. Dribble up Smart Basketball.(https://dribbleup.com/products/smart-basketball?srsltid=AfmBOorKZtW5XJ- PqntaigK_H4rU32QD8ljL4mtXANK2nOjSNzMH6sLp)
 - c. How to Dribble a Basketball NBA.com: Jr. NBA](<u>https://jr.nba.com/how-to-dribble-a-basketball/</u>)
 - d. How to improve your weak-hand dribbling in basketball (1v0) | by Coach Kamil | Medium.(https://medium.com/@kamilski81/how-to-improve-your-weak-hand-dribbling-in-1v0-590d04ff84fe)
 - e. Dribbleup | Smart Basketball(https://dribbleup.com/products/smart-basketball)
 - f. The Ultimate Guide to Mastering The Art of Ball Handling \[A Complete Science-Backed Dribbling Program\ by Ben Killen @beniskillen Medium(https://medium.com/@beniskillen/the-ultimate-guide-to-mastering-the-art-of-ball-handling-acomplete-science-backed-dribbling-8d4e0fcb0cbb)
- 2. Here are some helpful links with more information on the lay-up in basketball:
 - i. https://www.sportsdefinitions.com/basketball/what-is-a-layup-in-basketball/
 - ii. https://hezination.com/basketball-layup-types/
 - iii. https://hoopstudent.com/basketball-dribbling-basics/
 - iv. https://www.hooperboost.com/the-pure-guide-to-scoring-inside-layups-in-basketball/
 - v. https://www.hooperboost.com/the-pure-guide-to-scoring-inside-layups-in-basketball/
 - vi. https://fieldinsider.com/layups-in-basketball-instruction-guide/
 - vii. https://www.basketballforcoaches.com/how-to-do-a-layup/
 - viii.https://basketballuniverse.io/lavup-basketball/
 - ix. Basketball Lay-ups and Finishing Moves, Coach's Clipboard (https://www.coachesclipboard.net/Layup.html)
 - x. Basketball: Lay up techniques & exercises(https://www.owayo.com/magazine/basketball-layup-us.htm?srsltid=AfmBOooE1aH4TkN8LcjQX8bGIw3vDz8ZXIN_t-bx1RlTU_GTuxuZn_M-)
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GLOSSARY

The ability move the ball with skill and **Agility** control around the court. **Ball stealing:** The act of taking possession of the ball from an opponent in sports, particularly basketball. It reflects good defensive skills and awareness. **Block** A defensive move where a player legally deflects or stops an opponent's shot attempt, preventing the ball from reaching the basket. **Combination:** The act of joining or merging two or more skills in a sequence. Complex Consisting of many different and connected parts; intricate or complicated in nature **Coordination:** The ability to use different parts of the body together smoothly and efficiently. **Emphasising** To give special importance or prominence to something. For example emphasising the skill of dribbling. **Essential skills:** Core competencies that are critical for success in a given field or activity. **Evolution:** The gradual development of something, especially from a simple to a more complex form.

Execute Completed or carried out a skill, task or

plan. For example, execute a lay-up in

basketball.

Fast break A basketball play in which a team quickly

moves down the court in an attempt to score before the opposing defence can set up. It emphasises speed and quick

decision-making.

Foul An illegal action or violation of the rules,

typically involving unfair physical contact with an opponent, which results in a

penalty.

Fundamental It refers to something that is essential,

basic or foundation

Navigate To plan and direct the course of a game.

Reduction of pressure It can refer to strategies that alleviate stress

on players or teams, allowing for better

performance.

Proficiency A high degree of competence or skill in a

particular area. It indicates an individual's ability to perform tasks effectively and efficiently, often as a result of education or

experience.

Proximity The state of being near or close to

something in terms of distance. For example, your proximity to a defender.

Pace The speed at which something happens or

is done.

Screens In basketball, a screen is a legal

obstruction set by an offensive player to block a defender, allowing a teammate to

get open for a shot or pass.

Shot clock A timer that limits the amount of time

a team has to attempt a shot, ensuring continuous play and encouraging offensive

action within a set period.

Techniques The manner in which technical details are

treated or basic physical movements are performed in the execution of a skill.

Versatile Capable of doing many things

competently; having a range of skills or

uses.

Versatility Being able adjust to various situations.

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